





## ... The Charm

### Segovia's Alcázar

Tfn.: 921 460 759  
Constructed on a rocky promontory at the confluence of the Eresma and Clamores Rivers, its privileged placement suggests its very early use as a fortress, perhaps even in Celtic times. Since the XII century, the building was occupied and decorated by successive Castilian monarchs, from Alphonse X (the Wise) to the Catholic Monarchs and from Phillip II to Charles III, who decided to install the College of Artillery there, in 1764. Restoration was carried out in the XIX century after a fire, which allowed the building to recover its mudéjar moulded ceilings and its original decoration in the majority of the rooms.

### Castilnovo

Tfn.: 921 531 133  
Fourteenth-century construction with a fairytale-like appearance. In the XV century, it was inhabited by Don Alvaro de Luna, whose coat of arms remains. It was also the residence of the French heirs apparent, where they were held by order of Charles V. It has a square ground plan surrounded by three walled enclosures and an impressive moat.

### Coca

Tfn.: 921 586 622  
Brick fortress with interesting military architecture and mudéjar filigree work. The castle, one of the most important in Spain, was constructed as a palace and fortress. It has a square ground plan surrounded by three walled enclosures and an impressive moat.

### Cuéllar

Tfn.: 921 142 203  
This palace-fortress is the most important monument in the village of Cuéllar. Constructed in the XV century, it is square, with strong towers at the corners. Its facade is mudéjar and its interior, in which important historical figures have lived, are of a mixture of styles of different periods. It currently serves as a secondary school. Guided theatrical tours of the castle.

### Pedraza

Tfn.: 921 509 825  
Although nothing is known of its origins, this is one of the oldest castles in Europe. The Romans, the Goths, and the Arabs have left their mark on the castle. Located at the top of a hill, it was the residence of the Fernández de Velasco family, condestable of Castilla and señores of the village. In its interior there are many wooden sculptures/carvings (tallas), paintings, and antique furniture, as well as some works by Ignacio Zuloaga..

### Turégano

Tfn.: 921 500 000  
Turégano's castle has Celtic-Iberian roots, although the towers of the ancient Roman "castrum" and fortified church have been conserved. In its dungeons (which still exist) the son of the Duke of Osuna, Admiral Aragón, and Phillip II's illustrious Prime Minister, Antonio Pérez (in his case, for two years), among others, have been held prisoner. In 1703, the belfry was ordered built so that the bells could be placed there. In the period of Charles III, the castle came under control of the crown, although it was returned to the Segovian mitre soon afterwards, where it remains.



www.segoviaturismo.es  
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Guided theatrical tours of the castle

Other castles: Ayllón, Fuentidueña, Maderuelo, Sepúlveda, and Valdeprados. Ruins and walled enclosures, which are mostly of great historic and artistic interest.



Cuéllar castle



ACTIVIDADES EN LA NATURALEZA · MUSEOS · PALACIOS · CASTILLOS



Titirimundi,  
the International Puppet Theatre Festival  
of Segovia

In May, for an entire week, Segovia is invaded by puppeteers from all over the world in one of the best-established cultural events in the city. Shows for children and adults, traditional and avant-garde, using many different handling techniques.

# SEGOVIA

The province of Segovia offers special characteristics and attractions for family holidays. Parents and children can spend memorable days together in the outdoors, enjoying nature parks, forests, and pine groves, which make up a large part of the geography of the province. Likewise, families can combine these activities with visits to nature centres, museums, castles, monuments and urban centres, whose variety of architectural styles constitutes a true luxury. The area also offers old methods of handicrafts, archeological sites, and prehistoric caves with fascinating drawings, industrial centres with a long and celebrated history, and the opportunity to practice various outdoor sports such as hiking, cycling, swimming, horse-trekking..

The existence of educational farms is also an attraction for the little ones, with an ever-growing network of accommodation around the whole province, in which the country houses, hostels, and small family-run hotels also have ample offerings to help families enjoy nature's charm on the one hand, and on the other, the ingenuity and work of man incarnate in rural town planning, architecture and monuments.